

www.readingeggspress.com

Reading Eggspress Comprehension Grade 3 Student Book, Fiction

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Publisher: Katy Pike Design and layout by the Modern Art Production Group



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In this book

The **Reading Eggspress Comprehension** program shows students how to understand the literal meaning of a text and its vocabulary, and its inferred meaning. This workbook has 20 step-by-step lessons that teach key strategies for students to use when they read. Each lesson uses a leveled extract and focuses on a single comprehension strategy. They support teaching of the following elements of the State Standards:

English Language Arts Standards

- Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.3.1
- Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.3.2
- Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.3.3
- Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.3.6
- By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.3.10. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.2.10

Comprehension strategy overview

Comprehension type	Strategy	Pages
	Finding facts and information	1, 25
Literal	Main idea and details	15
Looks for explicitly stated answers in the texts. Answers <i>Who, What, When,</i> and <i>Where</i> questions.	Sequencing events	19, 23, 37
	Think marks	7
Inferential Finds implied information in the text. Looks for text clues and evidence that point to the correct answer.	Cause and effect	31
	Drawing conclusions	3
	Making inferences	17, 33
	Making predictions	9
	Character behavior	21
Critical Asks for connections or opinions on information in the text. Uses text clues to support the connections.	Making connections	13, 29, 35
	Point of view	5, 27
	Visualization	11, 39





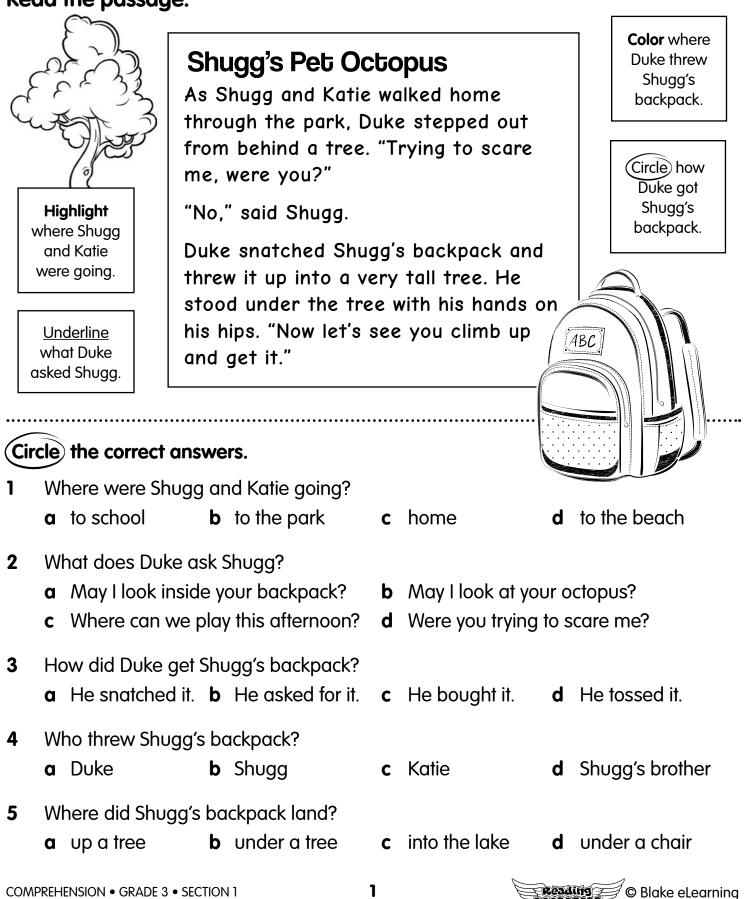
FICTION

FICTION

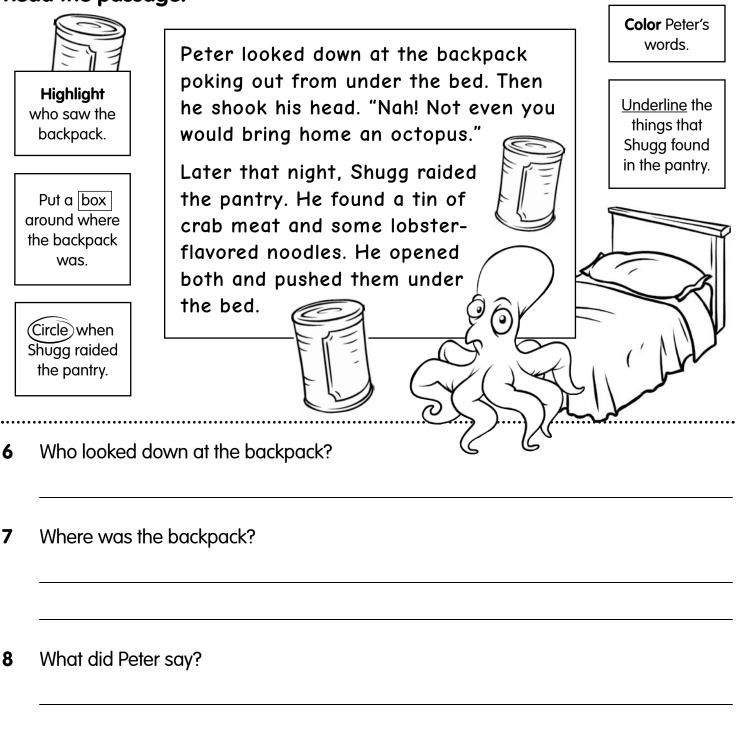
Finding facts and information

Some answers are clearly seen in the text. Ask these questions: Who? What? Where? When?

Read the passage.



Read the passage.



- 9 When did Shugg raid the pantry?
- **10** What did Shugg find in the pantry?



Drawing conclusions

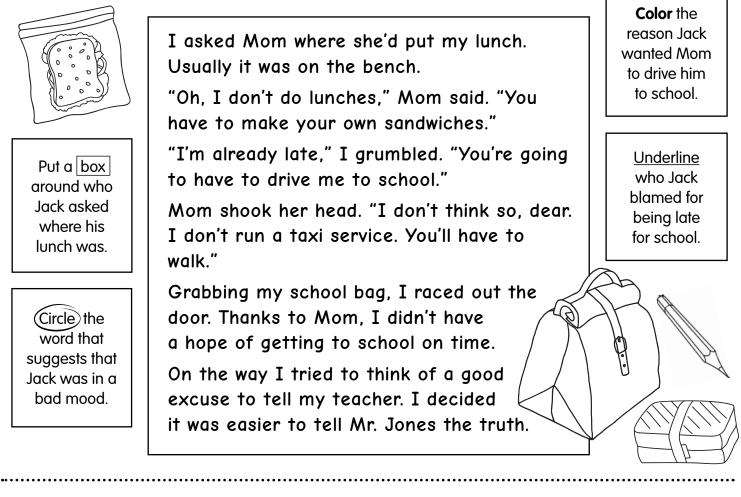
Make your own judgements to draw conclusions from a text. Clues in the text will help you.

Poad the passage

ĸe	au me puss				Circle what
	(Circle) the	NO PROBLEM	<u> </u>		the movie was about.
	word that tells us Jack	It was Sunday af		n my	
	was enjoying	bedroom watchin	g a good movie (about	Put a box
	the movie.	aliens when Mom	•		around the narrator's
	Highlight	could tell by the wasn't happy.	look on her face =	that she	name.
	the word that	"Just look at the	state of this		VI Torror
	tells what Jack's room	room, Jack," she	said. "It looks li	ke	2000
	looked like.	a pigsty. Turn of	f that screen and	d 🖉	Server 139
		clean it up."		Same ~	
	<u>Underline</u>	"In a minute," I	4.		
	why Jack didn't want	wishing she'd go			Yah
	to turn off the	aliens were abou Earth and I want		Joh BII 1	1-12-1
	television.	what was going t			
					July
		••••••	T j		*
	rcle) the corre	ect answers.			
1	Which is the	best conclusion? Jack	was watching a		V
	a comedy.	b cartoon.	c science fiction r	novie. d hor	ror movie.
2	Which word	is the clue to questior	1's answer?		
-	a bedroom	•	c good	d wa	tching
			e good		
3	Which is the	best conclusion? Jack	's room was		
	a muddy.	b spotless.	c organize	d. d me	ssy.
4	Which word	is the clue to question	3's answer?		
	a pigsty	b state	c clean	d goo	bd
5	Which phras	e tells us that the mo	vie was at an exciti	ing point?	
	a In a minu	ite b go away	c about to	attack d wa	nted to see
CON	APREHENSION • GRAD	DE 3 • SECTION 1	3	Reading	© Blake eLearning

Drawing conclusions

Read the passage.



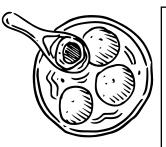
- 6 What can we conclude about who usually made Jack's lunch?
- 7 What is the clue to question 6's answer?
- 8 Why can we conclude that Jack had probably overslept?
- 9 How do we know that Jack was going to be late for school?
- **10** Why can we conclude that Jack thought it was his mom's fault that he was going to be late for school?



Point of view

To identify a character's point of view, consider how they behave and feel.

Read the passage.



(Circle) the food the narrator likes best.

Highlight why the narrator likes the old people.

Kalo Li's New Country

A good thing about working in the restaurant is I can choose any dish I like. Wonton noodle soup is my favorite.

Some customers are funny and have a joke with you. Old people seem to be easier to talk to.

Others aren't so nice. When they order their food, they say things like, "No salt. No soy sauce. Be quick about it."

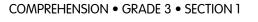
I'm very careful when taking down their order, so that I get it right.

<u>Underline</u> the words the narrator uses to describe the customers.

Put a box around the adjective the narrator uses to describe the soup.

(Circle) the correct answers.

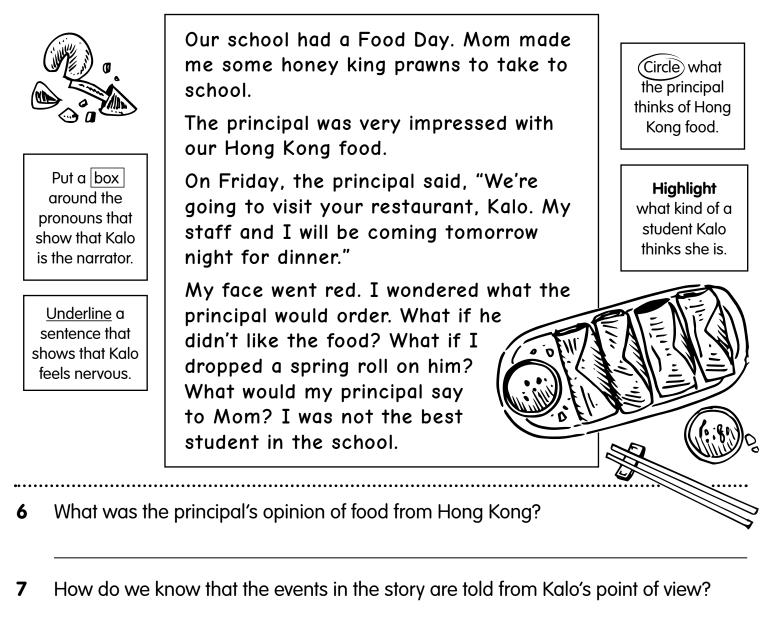
- From the narrator's point of view, which is the best dish in the restaurant? 1
 - **a** chicken's feet **b** wonton noodle soup **c** roast goose
- How does the narrator express her opinion about the dish she likes most? She says ... 2
 - **a** it is delicious. **c** she loves it. **d** it's her favorite b it's amazing.
- What is the narrator's opinion of the older customers? She ... 3
 - **b** doesn't like them thinks they are funny. a
 - likes them. is scared of them. d С
- How does the narrator express her opinion of the older customers? She says they ... 4
 - **b** tell funny jokes. **a** are easier to talk to.
 - don't like salt. С d are in a hurry.
- What is the narrator's overall opinion of the customers? 5
 - **a** She likes them all.
 - Some are nice and others are not so nice. С
- **b** She doesn't like any of them.
- She thinks they are rude. d



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5

Read the passage.



8 How does Kalo feel about the principal and his staff coming to visit her restaurant?

9 Which sentence gives the best clue to question 8's answer?

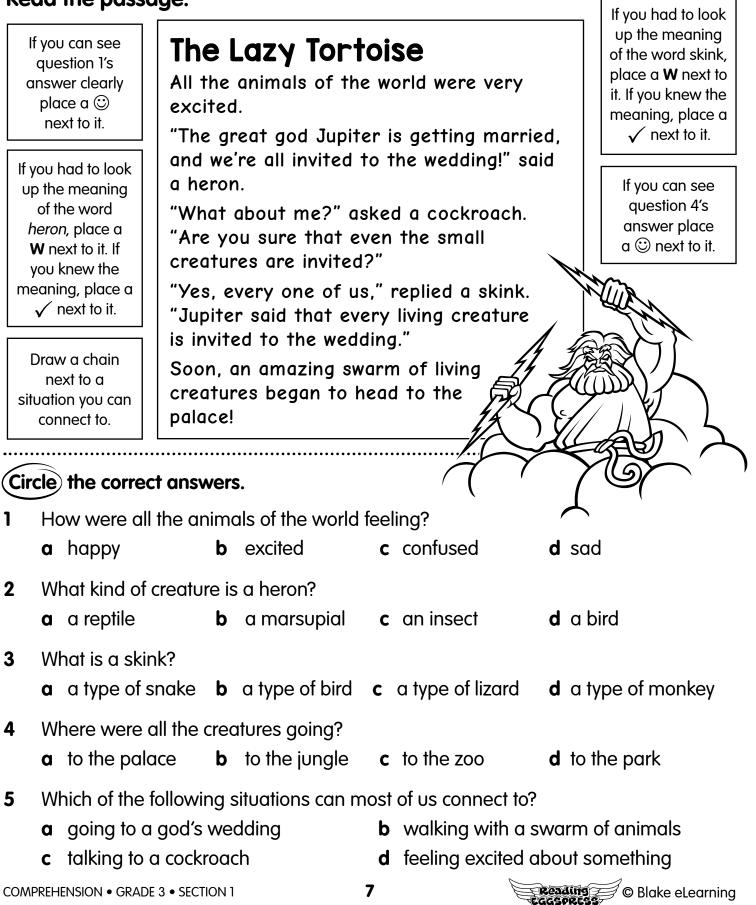
10 What is Kalo's opinion of herself as a student?



Think marks

Use special marks to label the parts of a text you see clearly; the parts you don't understand; and your personal connections to the text.

Read the passage.



Think marks

Do you

Read the passage.

If you can see question 6's answer clearly place a ☺ next to it.	Only after the wedding, when all the guests were enjoying a feast, did the tortoise plod up to the palace. Jupiter was very cross. "Why are you so late?" he demanded.	understand how Jupiter punished the tortoise? If you do, place a √ next to the answer.
Place a \checkmark next to question 7's answer to show that you understand that part of the text.	"Every other creature in the world managed to be at my wedding, but not you." "Well, I didn't want to leave my home," said the tortoise. "I was happy at home, all snug and cosy."	Draw a chain next to the part of the text that you can connect to.
Place a √ next to furious if you know what it means. Use a W if you are unsure of its meaning.	Jupiter was furious. The tortoise would rather be in a filthy ditch than in his royal palace! "So it shall be!" he said. "If you love your home so much, you will carry it on your back for the rest of your life!"	If you had to look up the meanings of snug and cosy, place a W next to the words. If you knew the answer, use a √ instead.
6 How did Ju	oiter feel when he saw the tortoise plodding up to the p	alace?

- 7 What reason did the tortoise give for being late?
- 8 What does it mean to be snug and cosy?
- 9 How did Jupiter punish the tortoise for being late? ______
- **10** Write about a time when you had to go somewhere but would rather have stayed at home.

COMPREHENSION • GRADE 3 • SECTION 1

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Making predictions

We can predict what is going to happen in a text based on clues in the words and pictures, and on what we already know.

Read the passage.

Circle a word that tells us what Captain Red Beard and his crew like to collect.

Put a box around the word that shows how Captain Red Beard and his crew get their treasure. What Kind of Pirate?

Narrator: Somewhere on the seven seas is a pirate called Captain Red Beard. The Captain has a ship called The Black Beast. It is a very fine pirate ship. Captain Red Beard and his crew like dropping in on other pirate ships and stealing their treasure.

Fingers: Pirate ship on the starboard bow, Captain.

Captain Red Beard: Good spotting, Fingers. Happy seadogs! Let's meet them.

Ahoy there fellow pirates! Can my crew and I board your ship? We could swap a few pirate tales of terror and treasure. <u>Underline</u> the things Captain Red Beard and his crew like to do.

Highlight the question Captain Red Beard asks.

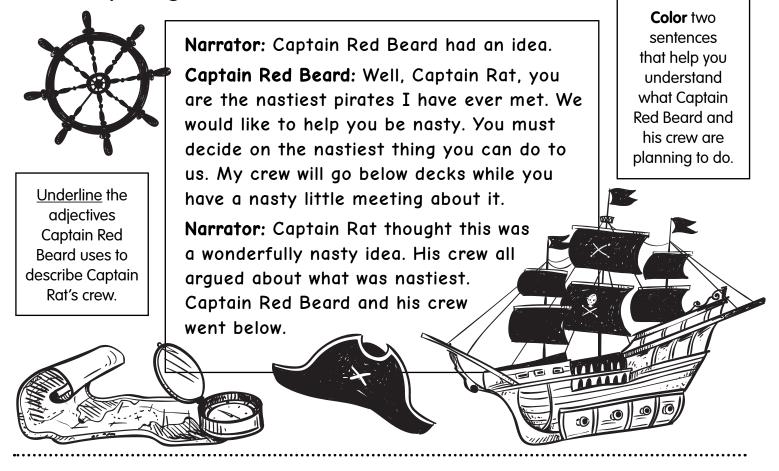
Color the reason Captain Red Beard gives for wanting to board the ship.

Circle) the correct answers.

- 1 What two predictions can you make about what will happen next in the story?
 - **a** Captain Red Beard and his crew will invite the other crew onto their ship.
 - **b** Captain Red Beard and his crew will board the pirate ship.
 - c Captain Red Beard and his crew will shout louder.
 - **d** Captain Red Beard and his crew will steal the pirates' treasure.
 - e Captain Red Beard and his crew will tell the other pirates a story.
- 2 What evidence is there in the text to support your predictions? Choose three answers.
 - **a** Captain Red Beard and his crew like dropping in on other pirate ships.
 - **b** Captain Red Beard's ship is called The Black Beast.
 - c Captain Red Beard and his crew like stealing other pirates' treasure.
 - **d** Fingers spotted a ship on the starboard bow.
 - e Captain Red Beard wants to meet the pirates on the other ship.



Read the passage.



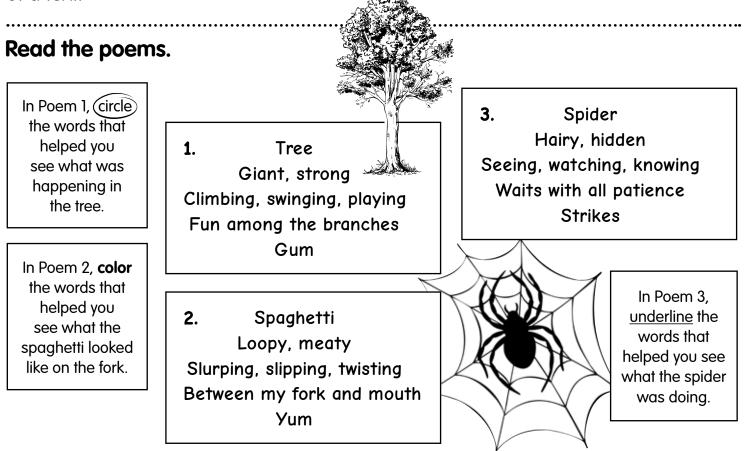
- **3** What prediction can you make about what Captain Red Beard is planning to do?
- 4 What do you know about pirates that helped you make your prediction?
- **5** What prediction can you make about what Captain Rat and his crew might do to Captain Red Beard and his crew?
- **6** What evidence is there in the text that helped you make your prediction?



Visualization

FICTION

Imagining images of people, places, and events can help to build understanding of a text.



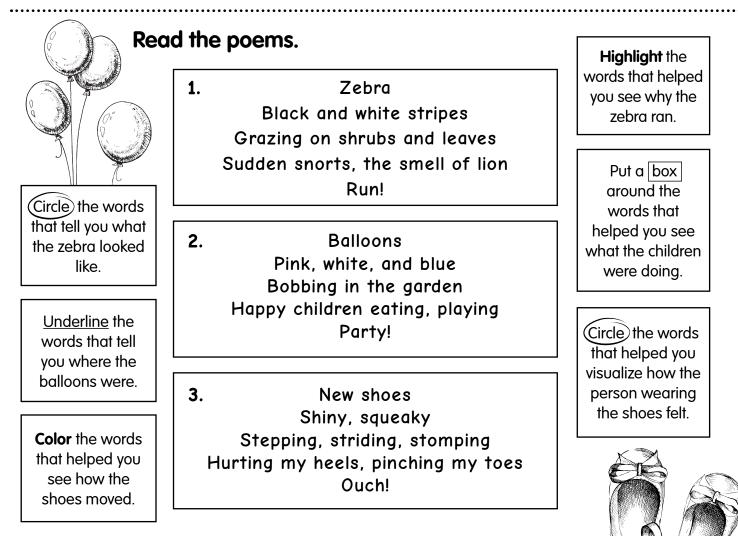
Read each of the poems again. As you do so, visualize what you are reading about. Draw a picture of the images from each poem.

Poem 1	Poem 2	Poem 3



Visualization

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Read each of the poems again. As you do so, visualize what you are reading about. Draw a picture of the images as you read each poem.

Poem 1	Poem 2	Poem 3

FICTION

Making connections

Find the links between nouns and pronouns, so you can keep track of characters in a story. $\hfill \wedge$

Read the passage.

(Circle) the

pronoun "l"

and the noun it

refers to.

Underline the

pronoun that

stands in place of "Garth and

Snake."

Put a box

around the pronoun "she"

and the person it

refers to.



"Where are you going, Garth?" Mom called as I tried to slip out the front door.

I tried to tell myself it was only half a lie. I was going to Snake's place, I just wasn't staying there.

We sat out the front of his place while I put on my blades.

"Garth, if my mom asks," he said, standing up, "just say we went to the park, okay?" He laughed. "What she doesn't know won't hurt her, right? Come on." Highlight the pronoun "myself" and the noun it refers to. st le I

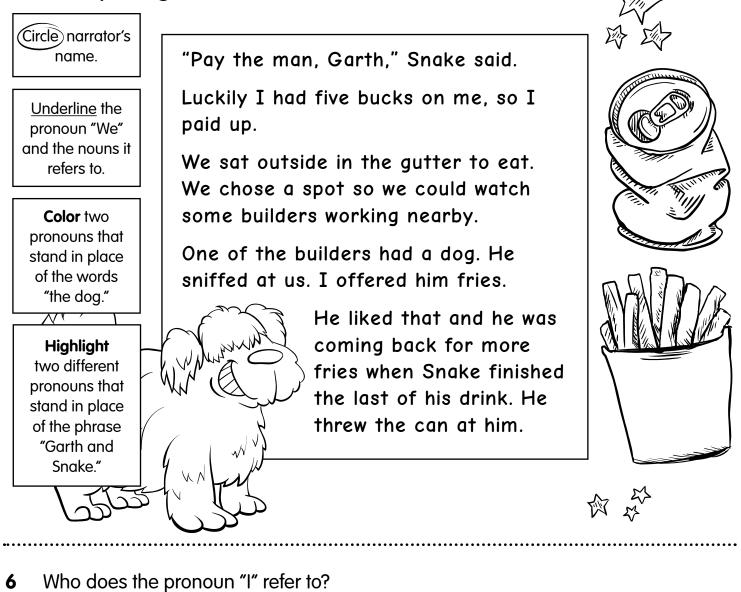
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Cir	rcle the correct and	swers.		
1	In the text, who do	bes the pronoun "I" re	efer to?	
	a Snake	b Snake's mom	c Garth's mom	d Garth
2	In paragraph 3, w	•	ace the pronoun "his'	<i>"</i> ?
	a Garth's	b Snake's	c Snake	d Garth
3	In paragraph 4, w	ho is speaking?		
	a Snake	b Garth	c Snake's mom	d Garth's mom
4	In paragraph 4, w	ho does the pronoun	n "we" refer to? Snake	and
	a his brother	b his mom	c Garth	d his dad
5	In paragraph 4, w	hich phrase could rej	place the pronoun "sl	ne"?
	a your mom	b my mom	c his mom	d their mom



Making connections

Read the passage.



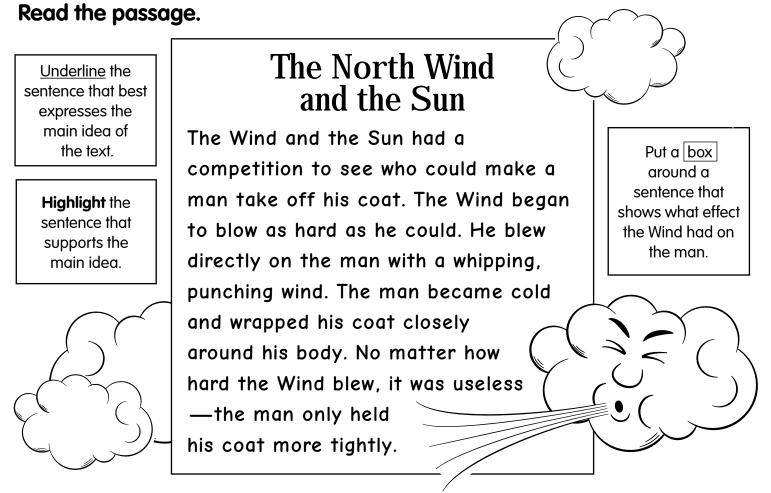
- 7 Which nouns could replace the pronoun "we"?
- 8 Who sniffed at us?
- 9 Who did Snake throw the can at?

10 In the last sentence, who do the pronouns "He" and "him" refer to?



Main idea and details

The main idea or key point is what the text is about. Details support the main idea.



Circle) the correct answer/s.

- 1 Which sentence best expresses the main idea of the text?
 - **a** The Wind tried hard to frighten the man.
 - **b** The Wind tried hard to make the man take off his coat.
 - c The Wind tried hard to make the man hold on to his coat.
 - **d** The Wind tried hard to make the man cold.
- 2 Which three details support the main idea?
 - **a** The Wind whipped and punched around the man.
 - **b** The man became cold.
 - **c** The Wind blew directly on the man.
 - **d** The man wrapped his coat closely around his body.
 - e The man held his coat more tightly.
 - f The Wind blew as hard as he could.



Main idea and details

		the Sun's turn. She	
Highlight the Sun's actions. <u>Underline</u> the words that show what the Sun made the man	and shone b	orightly. The man began om the heat and decided he could go no further. So he stopped, took off his coat and continued	
do. This will help you find the answer to question 3.		his walk.	Put a box around a sentence that shows what effec the Sun had on the man.
What is the mai	n idea of the te	xt?	
Which three det	ails helped you	find the main idea?	
a			

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Making inferences

Make inferences about a text by drawing on your own experiences. Look for information in the text that is not directly stated.

Read the passage.

Highlight the words that tell us why Olivia could tell that Wuzzy was real.

Circle the words that tell us what color Wuzzy was.

<u>Underline</u> the sentence that gives the best description of Wuzzy. Invisi-Pets

"What's a Whoowuzzler?" asked Olivia.

"It's an invisible pet," said Sam. "I've called mine Wuzzy."

"And what exactly does Wuzzy look like?" asked Olivia, putting her hand in the box. It was a shock to find that she could feel something small and soft even though she couldn't see anything.

"Well, he kind of looks like a guinea pig but he has feathers instead of fur. His feathers are red, with a few blue ones on his belly," Sam replied.

Olivia slowly felt the creature in the box all over. She had to agree that it was exactly what Wuzzy felt like a feather-covered guinea pig.

Circle) the correct answers.

- 1 What can we infer about Wuzzy from Sam's description?
 - **a** Wuzzy is furry.
 - **c** Wuzzy is tiny.

b Wuzzy is colorful.**d** Wuzzy is scruffy.

b kind and looks

d red and blue

2 Which words are clues to question 1's answer?

••••••••••••••••••••••••

- **a** guinea pig
- **c** feathers and fur
- **3** What other inference can we make about Wuzzy? Wuzzy is ...
 - **a** a guinea pig. **b** a bird.
 - **c** an unusual creature. **d** a soft toy.
- 4 Which phrase is the clue to question 3's answer?
 - **a** a feather-covered guinea pig
 - c looks like a guinea pig
- b creature in the boxd a shock

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Making inferences

Read the passage.

Underline how Back at home, Zazz grew as fast as Zazz moved. Wuzzy had done, but not from eating. The more she bounced the more Zazz grew. (Circle) words And she bounced everywhere! Wuzzy's that tell you that screeching was no longer the problem. Wuzzy and Zazz Highlight four Now it was the thumping of Zazz's long were noisy. words that tail. suggest the reason for Zazz The only way to stop the thumping was getting bigger. to get Zazz to jump on the bed. When Wuzzy saw how much fun jumping on Put a box the bed was, he wanted to do it too. And, around the when Olivia and Sam saw how much fun word that their invisi-pets were having bouncing on names a part of the bed, they couldn't help but join in. Zazz's body.

- 5 We can infer that Zazz has lots of energy. What is the clue?
- 6 Which two words suggest that Wuzzy and Zazz are noisy creatures?
- 7 Write a description of Zazz based on clues in the text.
- 8 What does the word *invisi-pets* suggest about Wuzzy and Zazz?
- 9 How can we tell that Olivia and Sam enjoy playing with their pets?

Sequencing events

Numbers and words give clues to the order in which things happen.

Read the passage.

<u>Underline</u> the first thing Lucy did.

Color the words that show what Lucy said **while** *Crazy Cleaner* was chugging through the surf.

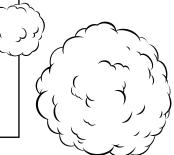
Underline the question Grandad asked **when** he saw steam coming out of *Crazy Cleaner.*



Toothless!

Grandad and Lucy wheeled Crazy Cleaner down to the beach. Lucy set its dials to 'underwater' and 'pickup.' She pushed it into the water and turned it on. Crazy Cleaner chugged through the surf. "Now we'll find your teeth," said Lucy. "Is it supposed to spurt out steam like that?" asked Grandad. Steam was pouring from Crazy Cleaner's engine. "Oh no! Something's wrong," said Lucy. "Look! It's heading up the beach." Crazy Cleaner was chugging over the sand Highlight the words that tell us what Lucy did **before** she turned *Crazy Cleaner* on.

Circle the words that show that Crazy Cleaner threw the umbrella after the hat.



Number the sentences from 1–7 to show the order in which the events happened.

"Watch out!" shouted Grandad. They

ducked, as Crazy Cleaner threw a hat at

Steam started coming out of Crazy Cleaner's engine.

them and then an umbrella.

Lucy set the dials on Crazy Cleaner.

towards them.

Lucy said that something was wrong with Crazy Cleaner.

Crazy Cleaner threw an umbrella at Grandad and Lucy.

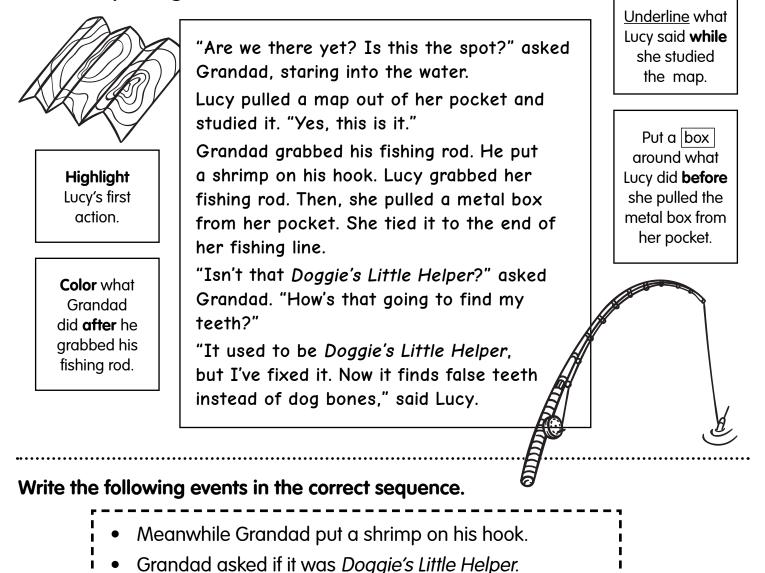
Grandad and Lucy pushed Crazy Cleaner down to the beach.

Crazy Cleaner chugged through the surf.

Crazy Cleaner threw a hat at Grandad and Lucy.



Read the passage.



- Then Lucy pulled a metal box out of her pocket.
- First, Lucy pulled a map out of her pocket and studied it.
- Lucy said she'd fixed it and now it found false teeth.
- She tied the box to the end of her fishing line.



Analyzing character feelings and motivation

Word choice and punctuation can reveal a lot about a character's feelings and what motivates them to behave in a certain way.

Read the passage.

Circle words that give us clues about how Mom felt.

Put a box around the phrase that tells us the narrator was relieved about something.



Chocolate Chuckles

"There's no milk!" said Mom as she slammed the fridge door closed. She turned around and glared at me.

I didn't say a word.

Luckily for me, the kitchen was full of cupcakes, cheese and crackers, bowls of chips, pizza, pickled onions, streamers, hats, and blowers. In the middle of it all was a huge ginger birthday cake with "Happy 80th Birthday" around the edge.

Lucky for me because Mom couldn't see the empty milk carton I'd just been drinking from. sentence that shows why the narrator was pleased the kitchen was full of food.

Color the

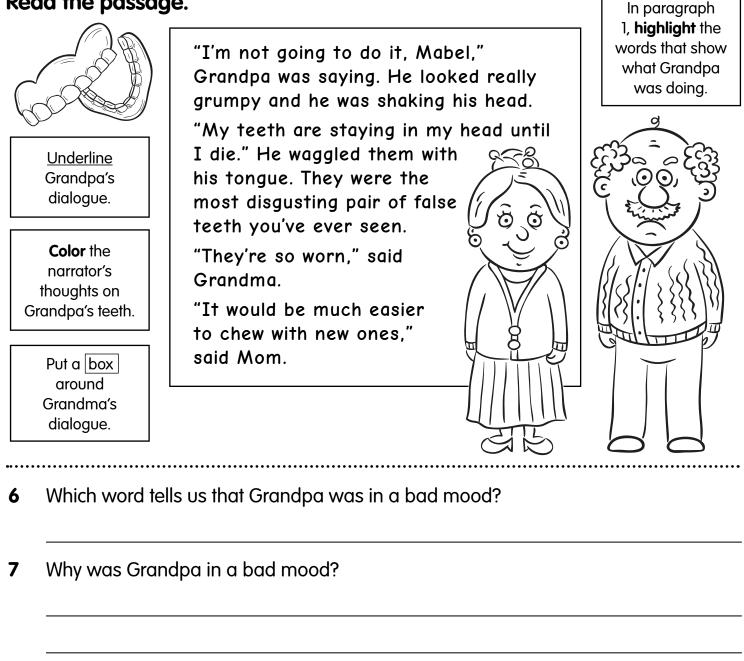


(Circle) the correct answers.

1	When Mom says "Tl	her	e's no milk!", hov	w do	es she most likely	/ SO	ound?
	a disappointed	b	confused	С	happy	d	angry
2	Which word is a clue	e to	question 1's and	swer	?		
	a turned	b	glared	С	fridge	d	milk
3	Which phrase is a c	ue	to question 1's c	Insw	er?		
	a slammed the fric	lge	door	b	turned around		
	c Luckily for me			d	a huge ginger b	oirth	iday cake
4	Which punctuation i	s a	clue to questior	n l's c	answer?		
	α.	b	,	С	ļ	d	,
5	How would the nam the empty milk carte		r have felt wher	n she	realized her mor	n c	ouldn't see
	a disappointed	b	confused	С	relieved	d	afraid
COMF	PREHENSION • GRADE 3 • SECT	ION 3	3	21		cead	© Blake eLearning

Analyzing character feelings and motivation

Read the passage.



- What was the narrator's opinion of Grandpa's false teeth? 8
- Why did Grandma think Grandpa needed new teeth? 9
- Why did Mom think Grandpa should get new teeth? 10

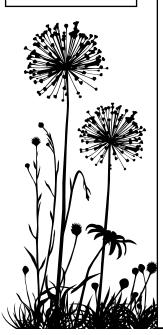


Sequencing events

Numbers and words give clues to the order in which things happen.

Read the passage.

<u>Underline</u> the first action that happens in the play.



FAIRY'S WINGS

Scene 1 THE GARDEN

Late afternoon. Troy and Tania enter running. Troy has a tennis ball, and they engage in a game of tag.

Troy: Tania! Catch! Chasing her.

Tania: Troy ... It's too hard. Throw it softer. She throws the tennis ball at him. Troy has disappeared. Troy! Where are you? Give it back. It's my ball.

Troy reappears and torments Tania with her ball. As he does this he falls into a pile of freshly swept leaves. Circle the scene number.

> **Highlight** the word that tells us that Troy comes back on stage.

Color Troy's final action.



(Circle) the correct answer for each question.

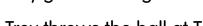
- 1 Which part of the play is this?
 - **a** the beginning

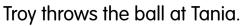
b the middle

- c the end
- 2 How do we know which part of the play it is?
 - **a** It's late afternoon. **b** They're in the garden.
 - **c** It's Scene 1.
- They're playing tag.
- 3 Number the following events to show the order in which they happened.

d

Troy goes off stage.





Troy and Tania come onto the stage.

Troy falls into a pile of leaves.

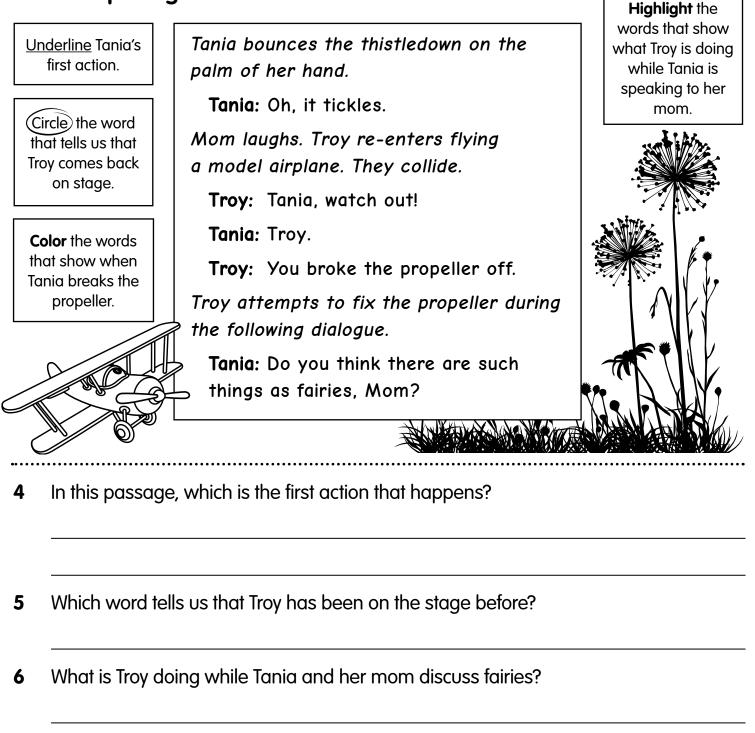
Troy comes back on stage.



Sequencing events

Read the passage.

.....



Complete the following sentence:
Tania breaks the propeller on Troy's plane after ______

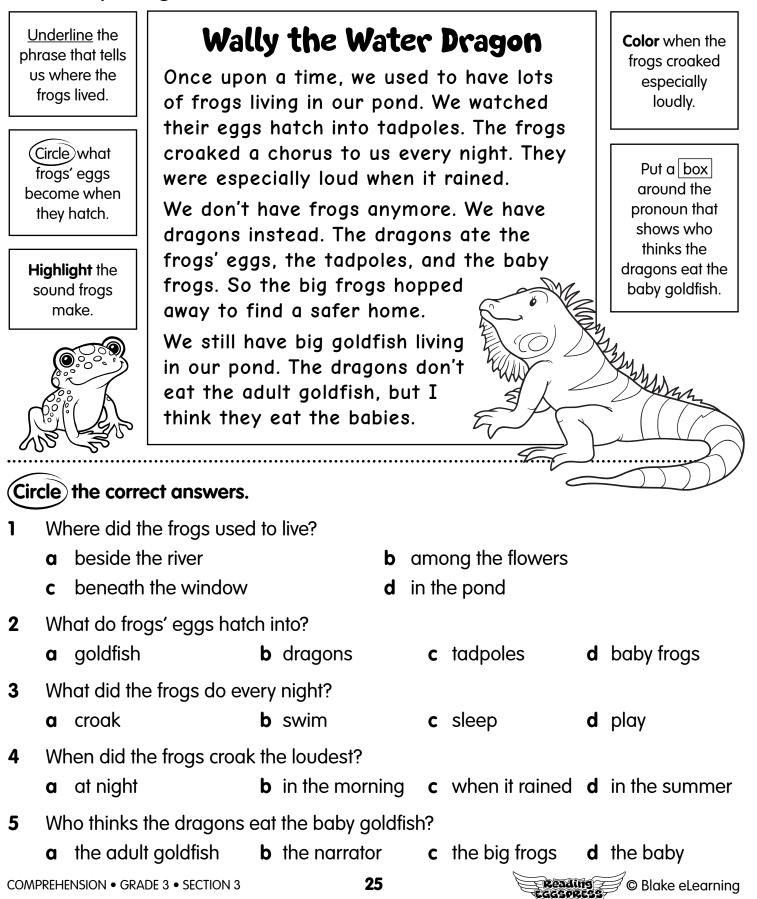
and before _____



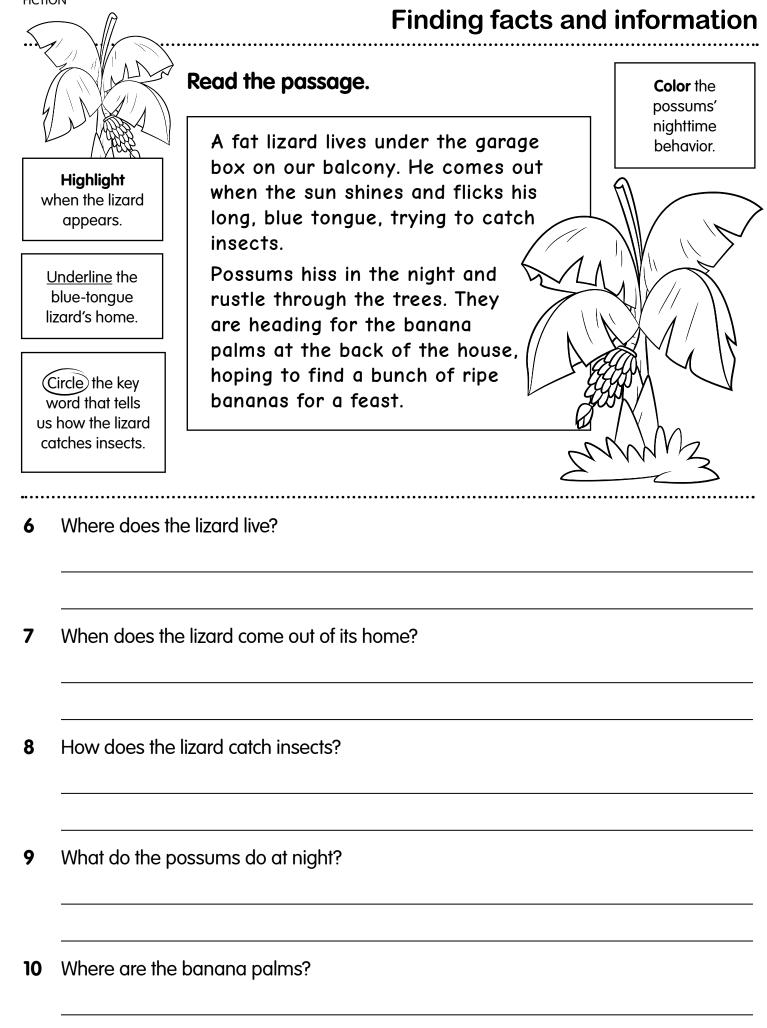
Finding facts and information

Some answers are clearly seen in the text. Ask these questions: *Who? What? Where? When?*

Read the passage.









Point of view

To identify a character's point of view, consider how they behave and feel.

.....

Read the passage.

(Circle) the

	Yell	low-Be	ellied	Goa	lie
--	------	--------	--------	-----	-----

word that means the same as <i>scared</i> .	Ben unpacked the goalie gear from the bag. He pulled on the heavy chest plate, the green-colored leg pads, and the bright orange foot kickers. He put on the safety helmet.	Highlight the sentence that tells us what Ben thought of himself.
<u>Underline</u>	"OK, Ben, you're ready for battle," said Coach.	
Ben's thoughts.	Battle? That's what it was all right.	Color the word
	Ben couldn't move. He was afraid to move. He stood like a statue. He wanted to run away. The only trouble was he could barely walk in his leg pads, let alone run.	that is similar in meaning to <i>run away</i> <i>from</i> .
	He'd be the biggest joke in the team. A giant, padded chicken, trying to escape its fate.	
Circle the co	rrect answers.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

How did Ben feel about playing goalie? He was ... 1

a excited.	b angry.	c scared.	d happy.
-------------------	-----------------	------------------	-----------------

- Which is the best clue to how Ben felt? 2
 - **a** He couldn't move. **b** He felt like a statue.
 - He was ready for battle. **d** He wanted to run away. С
- In Ben's view, what kind of goalie would he make? 3
 - **a** a bad one **b** a good one **c** a brave one **d** a strong one
- Which phrase helps you see Ben's view? He said ... 4
 - **a** he'd try his best. **b** he'd be the biggest joke in the team.



27

Point of view

Read the passage.

Underline the The umpire blew the whistle. The game was sentences over. that show (Circle) the what Ben's "You're a great goalie!" yelled David, patting word that teammates Ben on the back. describes the said to him. kind of goalie "Benny, you're on fire," cheered another boy. Ben thought he was before. Highlight a Ben held his head up high, held his chest phrase that out, and threw his hands in the air, making shows that high fives with his team. Color two Ben was adjectives that proud of Ben had done it. He had gone from yellowdescribe the himself. bellied to big, brave goalie, and it hadn't kind of goalie Ben thinks he hurt a bit. is now. Being a goalie wasn't so bad after all. Maybe, just maybe, he'd give it another ao next week. 5 From the point of view of Ben's teammates, what kind of goalie is he? In your own words, explain how Ben's opinion of himself as a goalie has changed. 6 How does Ben feel about playing goalie in the future? 7



Making connections

Linking a text to your own life is a great way to build understanding. Look for key words and phrases in the text to make connections.

Read the passages.

How Owl Got His Feathers

When the world was young, Owl did not have feathers. One day, all the world's birds decided to hold a grand ball.

"How can I go?" sighed Owl. "All the other birds will wear fine suits to the ball. I have no feathers, and they'll make fun of me."

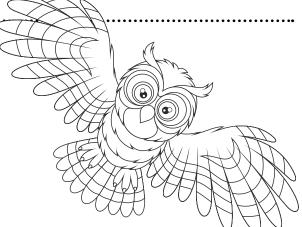
Hawk heard what Owl had said, and he told the other birds. Every bird gave Hawk a feather, and Hawk passed the feathers to Owl. Underline the key words in each text that show why the main characters need a special outfit.

Highlight the key words in each text that show why the main characters can't go to the special event.

Color the key words in each text that show who helped the main characters. Cinderella gazed sadly at the dying embers in the fireplace. Her stepsister's cruel words rang through her head.

"You can't possibly come with us to the grand ball. Everyone will laugh at you in those miserable rags!"

"But you *can* go to the ball," said a kind voice. Cinderella gave a start. "I am your fairy godmother," continued the voice, "and I will give you a fine silk gown to wear."



Circle) the correct answers.

- What are the connections between the texts?
 - **a** The main characters have only rags to wear.
 - **b** The main characters want to go to a ball.
 - **c** The main characters are birds.
 - ${\boldsymbol d}$ The main characters are given fine silk gowns to wear.
 - e The main characters don't have suitable outfits to wear to a ball.
 - **f** The main characters are sitting in front of a fireplace.
 - g Kind strangers help the main characters.
 - **h** The main characters are afraid that people will make fun of them.



Making connections

Read the passages.

Owl was so pleased! He flew proudly to the ball.

Owl was having such a wonderful time that he didn't want to give the feathers back, so he silently flew away and hid amongst the trees in the forest.

When the party was over, the other birds looked for Owl, but they could not find him. His new feathers helped him blend into the environment.

Now, Owl only comes out to hunt at night, when the other birds are sleeping. feathers into the Circle the word in each text that shows what owls are covered in.

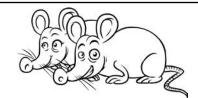
<u>Underline</u> the words in each text that tell us what owls do during the day.

Highlight the words in each text that show how an owl's feathers help to protect it.

Color the words in each text that tell us what owls do at night. There are around 200 different owl species. They are nocturnal, which means they are active at night. During the day, they stay hidden in trees.

Most owls hunt insects, small mammals, and other birds. Some species hunt fish. Their powerful talons, or claws, help them catch and kill their prey.

Compared to other birds of prey, owls are very quiet in flight. They are hard to spot during the day. Their feathers have a pattern that helps them blend in with the environment.



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2 Use the information in the texts to write a short report about owls. Use the headings provided.

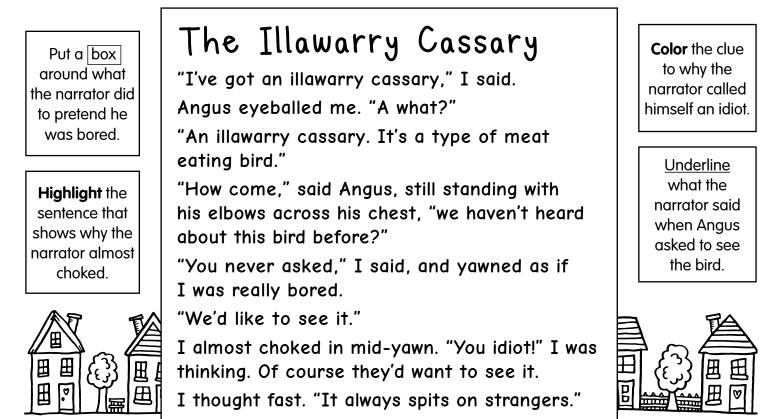
Owls

Covering:		
Daytime activities:		
Nocturnal activities:		
Camouflage:		

Cause and effect

Writing describes actions and thoughts. Their cause (why they happen) leads to effects (what the results are).

Read the passage.



Circle) the correct answers.

- 1 What happened when Angus asked why they'd never heard of the narrator's bird before? The narrator pretended to be ...
 - a confused. b upset. c surprised. d bored.
- 2 What caused the narrator to almost choke?
 - **a** gulping in too much air **b** shock when he heard what Angus said
 - **c** a tickle in his throat **d** excitement when he heard what Angus said
- **3** Why did the narrator call himself an idiot?
 - **a** He'd spoken without thinking. **b** He should have brought the bird with him.
 - **c** He should have chosen a different pet. **d** He was embarrassed about choking.
- 4 What is the most likely reason the narrator said his bird spat on strangers?
 - **a** to impress Angus
 - **c** to stop Angus wanting to see it
- **b** to encourage Angus to come and see it
- **d** to warn Angus not to get too close to it

31



Read the passage.

Highlight the reason Angus, Emu gave another howl. In less than a Martin, and Underline second. I heard three sets of feet running Alex ran away. what happened down the driveway. just after Emu I couldn't move. What was going on? Surely howled. Underline they weren't scared of a little wet bantam two things calling out for his dinner? Hadn't they ever that are **Color** why seen a chicken before? different at the narrator school these was surprised I stepped forward to go and get Emu in out days. when the boys of the rain, when I suddenly saw it. From ran away. 0 where Angus, Martin, and Alex had stood, Emu was a two-meter-tall, spiky-feathered, war-helmeted, bloodcurdle-screaming, hungry illawarry cassary! At school these days we never talk about our pets. And no-one calls me Flake anymore! What happened just after Emu howled? 5

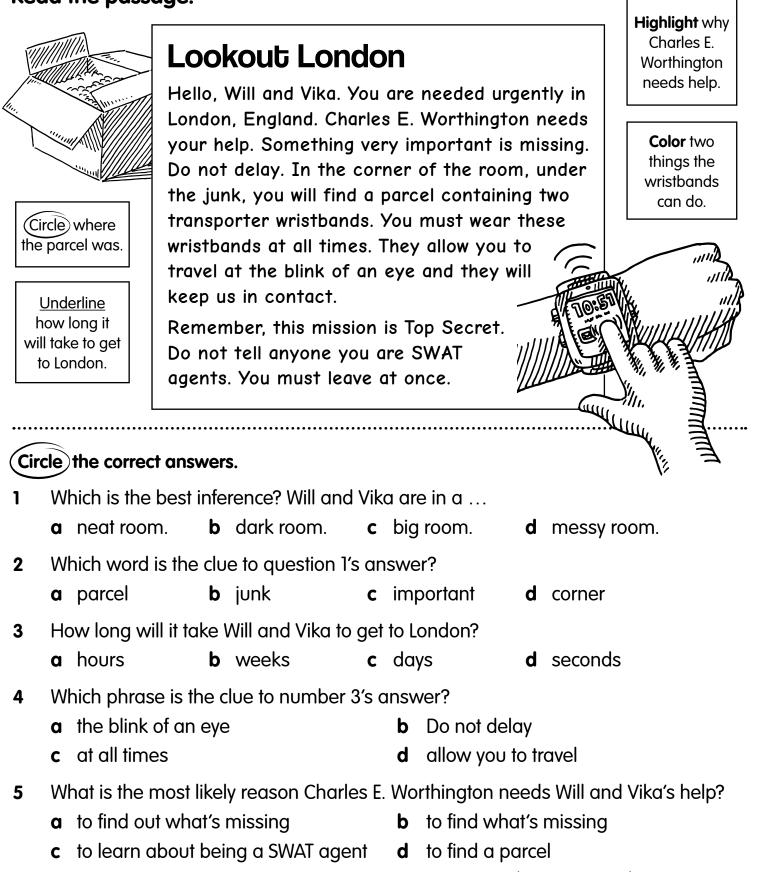
- 6 Why was the narrator surprised that Angus, Martin, and Alex were running away?
- 7 What had caused Angus, Martin, and Alex to run away?
- 8 Name two things that happened as a result of the boys seeing the narrator's 'illawarry cassary.'



Making inferences

Make inferences about a text by drawing on your own experiences. Look for information in the text that is not directly stated.

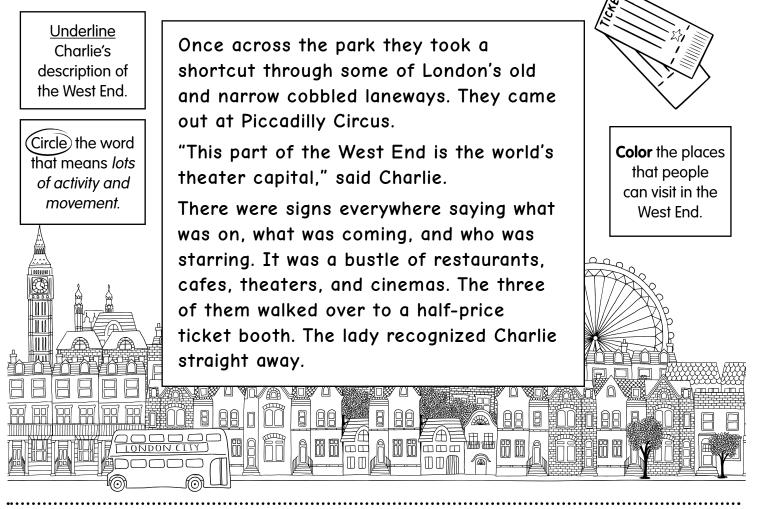
Read the passage.



33



Read the passage.



6 We can infer that many actors work in the West End. What is the clue?

7 What does the word *bustle* suggest about the kind of place the West End is?

8 What does the passage suggest about the kinds of things people can do in the West End?

COMPREHENSION • GRADE 3 • SECTION 4



Making connections

Linking a text to other texts you have read is a great way to build understanding. Look for key words and phrases in the texts to make the connections.

Read the passage.

In paragraph 1, circle) one verb that describes something you have done or might do.

In paragraph 2, highlight something you have thrown or might throw in the garbage bin.

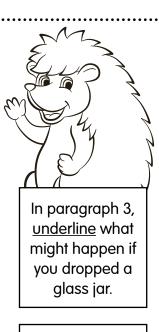


Hedgehogs in the City

Zed and DD, each wrapped in a pickle jar, tipped over and began to roll slowly. The bottled hedgehogs picked up speed, bumping and spinning their way down Garbage Hill.

They skipped over old cars and spun off slimy piles of vegetables, getting air as they hurtled forever downwards.

The two jars collided in midair before landing with a PLUNK! DD's jar smashed into a million pieces. Zed's jar spun on the spot until he popped out, fast as a cork. He shot along the sand, grinding his way to a gritty stop.



In paragraph 3, color what the sand felt like.



Circle) your answers.

- Which of the following have you done, or might you do? 1
 - buy a jar of pickles a
 - С
 - roll down a slope е
 - see a hedgehog in a pickle jar **h** play on a garbage heap g
 - collide with someone
 - fall in the sand k

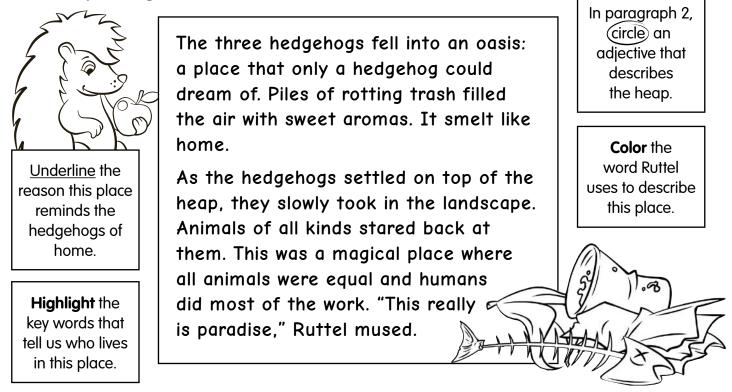
- **b** throw an empty pickle jar in the recycling bin
- roll down a slope in a pickle jar **d** store things in an empty pickle jar
 - **f** see a hedgehog

 - watch an empty pickle jar smash into pieces İ
 - collide with someone while wrapped in a pickle jar



Making connections

Read the passage.



2 The 'oasis' the three hedgehogs land in is a zoo. Carefully read the description of what they see around them.

If you have visited a zoo, write about the things you saw. If you haven't been to a zoo, think of books you have read and write about the things you would expect to see.

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Sequencing events

Numbers and words give clues to the order in which things happen.

Read the passage.

Underline the

event that

happened first.

Highlight the

first thing Fox said

Bear should do.

Why Bear Has a Stumpy Tail

Fox saw her friend, Bear. Fox had just stolen a string of fish.

"Can you share them with me?" asked Bear.

"No!" snapped Fox. "Catch your own."

"How can I?" asked Bear. "The lake is frozen."

"Cut a hole in the ice," said Fox. "Then, stick your tail in the lake and hold it there as long as you can. It will hurt when the fish grab it. When you think you have enough fish, give your tail a strong tug to pull out the fish."

Circle) the correct answers.

- 1 Which event happened first?
 - a Fox saw her friend Bear.b Fox stole some fish.
- 2 Number the actions to show the order in which they should happen.



Fox said that Bear should wait until his tail started to hurt.

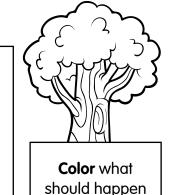


Fox said that Bear should cut a hole in the ice.

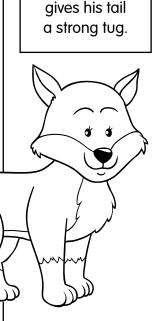
Fox said that Bear should pull out the fish.

Fox said that Bear should stick his tail in the water.



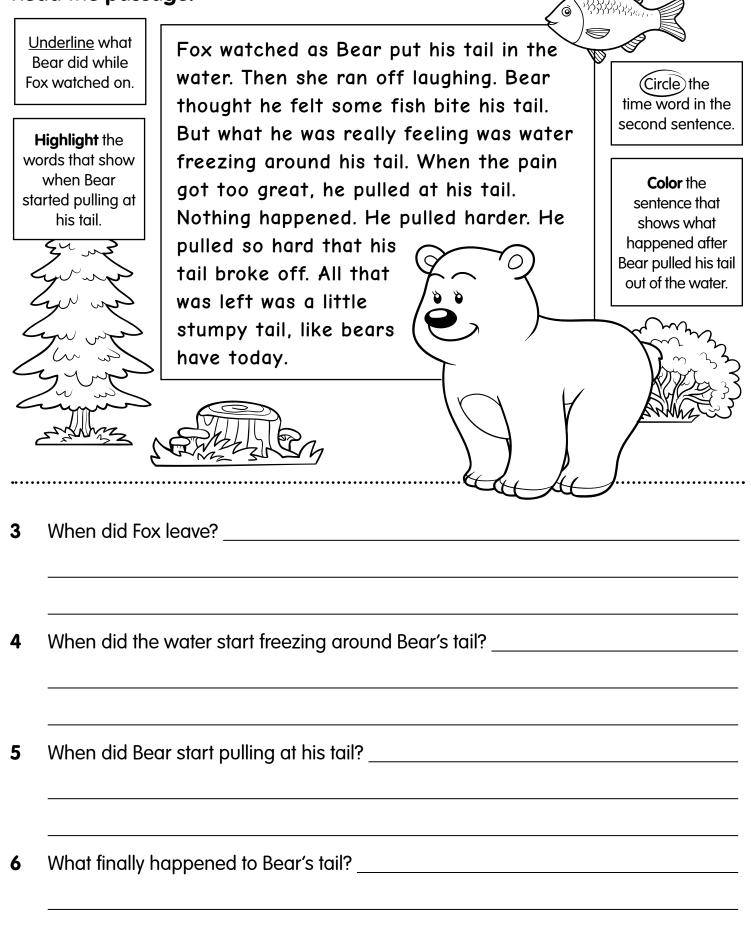


just before Bear



Sequencing events

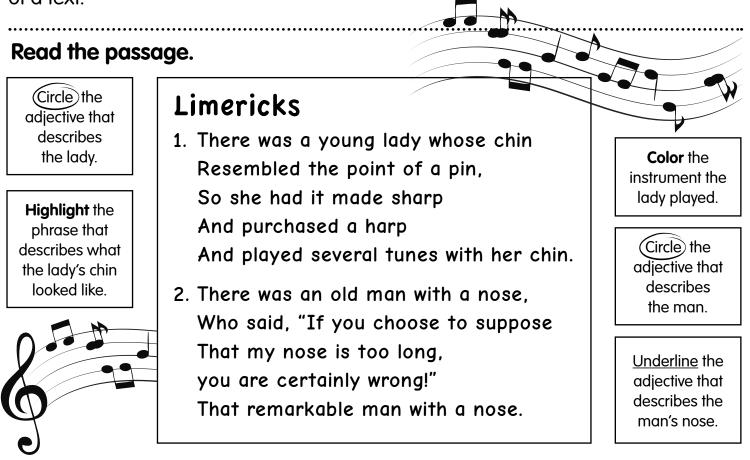
Read the passage.





Visualization

Imagining images of people, places, and events can help to build understanding of a text.



Read the poems. As you do so, visualize what you are reading about. Draw a picture of the images as you read each poem.

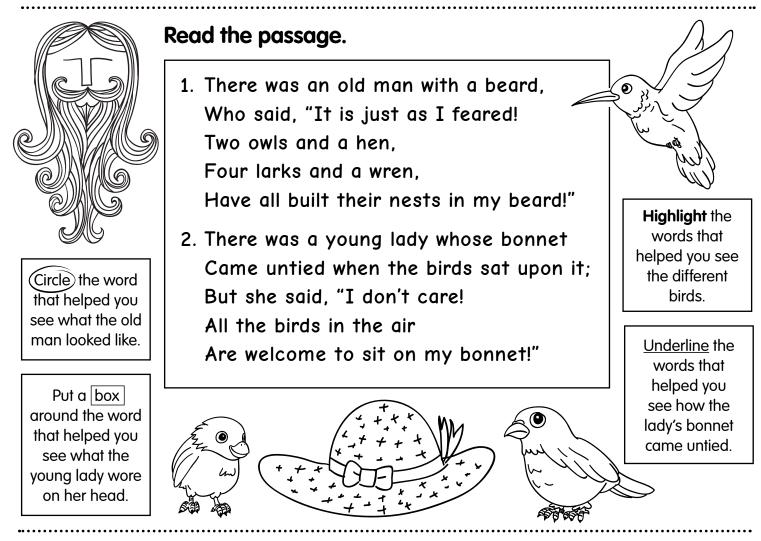
Poem 1

Poem 2	
~	4

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FICTION

Visualization



2 Read the poems again. As you do so, visualize what you are reading about. Draw a picture of the images as you read each poem.

Poem 1

P	oem 2	
~		

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